

Exercise & Fasting



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Who were we?



ancestral pattern : daily bouts of prolonged, low-intensity, aerobic-based activities interspersed with periodic, short-duration, high-intensity bursts of activity Nutrition: plenty of water, vegetables, meat, fat and complex carb

Relation between Ph. Act, Fitness and mortality



Relation between Ph. Act, Fitness and mortality



Diet pattern in the past

The human body can handle intermittent fasting easily; it mimics the eating pattern of our ancestors that did **NOT** have easy access to food.



Energy Homeostasis



Vergara 2019, Yudkin 2000

Energy Homeostasis





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Effect of fasting on health & longevity



Figure 1. Dietary Restriction Increases Healthy Lifespan in Diverse Single-Celled, Invertebrate, and Vertebrate Animals

Fontana & Partridge 2015

Effect of fasting on health & longevity



Some pattern of fasting

Long-term calorie restriction and long-term fasting can harmful Periodic Fasting (PF)

e.g., a 5 day diet providing 750–1000 kcal

Time-Restricted Feeding (TRF); limiting the daily period of food intake to 8 h or less

Fasting Mimicking Diets (FMD): low in calories, sugars, and protein but high in unsaturated fats, typically lasted 5 days, Calories are kept at around 40% of normal intake

Intermittent Fasting (IF)

e.g of IF : 2 days per week or every other day In rodents: both fasting for 24 hr every other day or twice weekly extends lifespan up to 30%,





Helps combat many health challenges of modern life, such as obesity, diabetes heart disease, cancer and Alzheimer's

"FASTING ALONE IS MORE POWERFUL IN PREVENTING AND REVERSING SOME DISEASES THAN DRUGS"

Satchidananda Panda, associate professor of regulatory biology at the Salk Institute for Biological Studies in San Diego, California.





Exercise training in fasting state and Ramadan

The available evidence indicates that high-level athletes can maintain performance during Ramadan if

- 1- Physical training
- 2- Fluid balance
- 3-Sleep are well controlled

Recommendation

Adjusting load of training to fasting state Avoiding high intensity training before sleep Afternoon nap strongly recommended Suhour should be eaten as close as possible to sunrise Athletes should eat immediately after exercise







Maughan 2014

Hydration Strategies

Athletes should minimize unnecessary water losses by avoiding or limiting heat exposure and unnecessary exercise

Fluid intake should be spread over the waking hours after sunset with frequent small drinks rather than few large drinks





Thank you for your attention

